

THE PULASKI CITIZEN.

W. McCORD, Editor and Publisher.

In the right the Printing Press should be, a tyrant's foe, the champion of the free; faithful and constant to its sacred trust; calm in its utterance, in its judgments just; wise in its teaching; incorrupt and strong; to speed the right and to denounce the wrong.

PULASKI, TENN.

FRIDAY MORNING, FEB'R. 2, 1866.

TO THE PEOPLE OF TENNESSEE.

Recent events render desirable a Mass Convention of that portion of the people of Tennessee, who are favorable to its speedy and complete restoration to its proper position of equality and influence in the Nation.

The war has closed, and with it all occasion for distinction between our citizens. Let us, then, celebrate the Anniversary of the birthday of the Father of his Country, THURSDAY, FEBRUARY 22D, 1866, by the assemblage, at the capital of the State, of the masses of the people to devise measures to secure this desirable result. This may be secured by a hearty and unquestioned endorsement of the Restoration policy of the present patriotic Executive of the Nation, His Excellency Andrew Johnson, Tennessee's most distinguished son. Let every citizen send up a full delegation.

Francis B. Fogg, Jas. R. Hood, C. N. Ordway, Thomas T. Smiley, And fifty other prominent citizens.

St. Valentine's Day.

Every maiden heart flutters with interest and excitement at the near approach of the 14th of February; for on that day she is to receive declarations of love, written by the trembling hands and dictated by the manly hearts of chivalric men. From time immemorial this has been a day sacred to lovers. According to Shakespeare, it is the time birds begin to pair, and this custom among the little feathered tribe has been very appropriately adopted by men and women.

We take pleasure in announcing to the "beauty and the chivalry" that Osborn & Co. have a select, extensive and varied assortment of Valentines. You had better call and make your selections before the stock has been picked over.

A dispatch from Memphis says it is reported that General Forest, under the guise of retiring from business in Memphis to his plantation, has gone to Mexico, in consequence of having been notified to appear before a Military Commission in Washington.

Gen. Robert E. Lee has received from Cyrus H. McCormick, inventor of the reaping machine and a native of Virginia, ten thousand dollars for the establishment of a McCormick professorship of practical mechanics. Large contributions are being made elsewhere to Washington College.

We are glad to hear from the Rome, (Ga.) Courier, that last week a box was received at that place, directed to "Bill App," from his admirers in St. Louis, Mo., a box contained quite a rich and large lot of dry goods and groceries, for the "Bill App."

Some of our exchange, we have on all, in the South, who buy of the Magazine and Frank Leslie's daub. We cordially endorse the sentiment; but what is the use of talking to such men about giving pecuniary aid to their bitterest enemies? They have been doing this for thirty years, and would rather pay for Yankee lies than take home-made truths for nothing.

Gen. Robert E. Lee, late Commander-in-Chief of the Confederate Army, has arranged with C. B. Richardson, of New York, for the publication of his history of the war. It is now in preparation, but will not be completed for several months. In the article of agreement it is stipulated, so it is said, "that no alterations shall be made by the publisher after the manuscript comes into his hands."

Letters from Brownsville give detailed accounts of the recent capture of Bagdad. The capturing party was composed of a miscellaneous crowd of merchants, sutlers, clerks, adventurers and idlers, who appear to have engaged in the affair as a good piece of sport, and though it is believed there were among the captors some United States soldiers, every one of them was present on the other side of the river to answer to his name at roll-call on the next morning.

According to these accounts, the capture was planned and executed without the knowledge of either Gen. Escobedo, Gen. Crawford, or any other chief of great renown.

This history of Mexico shows that during the last 40 years Mexico has had 37 different forms of government, 32 of which were republic, and 75 presidents. Its revolutions during that period have been 200. Many years since, a Mexican protectorate was urged upon the United States Senate by General Houston, upon the ground that the Mexican people otherwise would fall a prey to some European power. The project was condemned and abandoned.

Good News for Husbands.—Ladies wear their dresses longer than they used to.

The Proposed Amendment of the Constitution.

The Amendment to the Constitution proposed by the Committee on Reconstruction is in the words following:

ARTICLE.—Representatives and direct taxes shall be apportioned among the several States which may be included within this Union according to their respective numbers, counting the whole number of persons in each State, including Indians not taxed; provided, that whenever the elective franchise shall be denied or abridged in any State, on account of race or color, all persons of such color shall be excluded from the basis of representation.

The design of this amendment is, to compel the Southern States to admit the negro population to the ballot-box, under the penalty of losing a large portion of their Representatives.

ARRESTED.—Our friend and fellow citizen, Capt. E. H. Gordon, passed up the road, on Monday last, under arrest. The circumstances under which he was arrested are about these: During Capt. G.'s absence from home, in the rebel army, some Federal soldier, or soldiers, erected a house on his land. Having complied with all the conditions of President Johnson's Amnesty proclamation, he has long since become loyal and taken possession of his property. A short time since, a Yankee deliberately moved the aforesaid house from Capt. G.'s land, who protested and brought suit, obtaining judgment, of course, under the civil laws of Tennessee. The fellow, not satisfied with the decision against him, appealed to the Military at Nashville. Capt. Gordon was right in claiming his property, and the Magistrate was right in giving him a judgment for its recovery.

An impression prevails to some extent that nearly or quite all the distinguished personages who were active Rebels have been pardoned. It is stated by the Washington Republican that nearly 1,200 applications are now upon the President's table, most of which have been there several months. Seven hundred of them fall under the \$20,000 clause. The remainder are classified as follows: Members of Rebel Congress, 66; ex-United States Army officers, 132; Rebel generals, 127; prominent civil officers, 32; ex-officers of the United States navy, 116.

It is related that Senator Sumner called on President Johnson a few days since, and, among other grounds for the apprehensions with which he was oppressed, referred to the fact that in the South they continue to denounce the Union. The President is reported to have replied: "And as for denouncing the Union, I am very sorry to say that's true to a great extent in the South, but you know they've been doing it in Massachusetts, too."

IMPORTANT REMOVAL.—We heard it stated last night (says the New Orleans Delta, of the 18th), that Gen. Sheridan had given orders for all vessels leaving this port for the Rio Grande, to stop at Galveston and take on troops. This seems to indicate a determination on the part of the distinguished commander of the Gulf Division to be prepared for any emergency that may arise on that troubled frontier.

The Nashville Banner says Gen. Thomas in company with Gen. Fisk, left our city on Thursday for Washington, in obedience to orders from the War Department. We learn that every General in the War Department is ordered to Washington. It is thought that the proposed reorganization of the army has suggested these orders.

The Nashville Press and Times says that Messrs. Timmons & Shriver, yesterday, entered a suit for libel, in the Circuit Court, laying their damages at \$25,000, against our neighbor, the Banner, for the article in yesterday's issue, reflecting with considerable severity on the Academy of Music and other places of amusement.

Gen. Bragg's Kentucky Campaign.

Some of our contemporaries are publishing General Bragg's official report of his campaign from Tupelo, Miss., through Tennessee, and into and out of Kentucky, in the summer and autumn of 1862. However interesting it might be to some of our readers, the pressure upon our columns is such that we do not feel justified in republishing it in full.

Important Decision.

A question has arisen as to whether notes given for a slave or slavery purchased but not paid for before slavery was emancipated, are collectable. We have on file a decision of the Supreme Court of Tennessee on this question, which we design publishing soon if possible. The Court decides that these notes are collectable, the same as others given for any species of property—that the purchaser cannot hold the former owner responsible, for acts of the government freeing the negro. This we take to be a common sense view of the subject, and cannot imagine how men arrive at any other conclusion.

Tax Kentucky Legislature, on Saturday, elected Mr. Harney, of the Louisville Democrat, Public Printer, vice Geo. D. Prentice, of the Louisville Journal.

On the 24th ult., the Post Commander closed the eating house of Joiner & Co., at Stevenson, Ala., because two negro soldiers were refused the privilege of dining at the regular table.

LEGISLATIVE.

Mr. Smith, of Hardeman, introduced into the House of Representatives on Wednesday a bill described by the Reporter as follows:

"To authorize the Governor to issue writs of election. It provides that no election for officers except Governor, Electors for President, and Representatives in Congress, shall be held until writs are issued by the Governor, prescribing the time and manner of holding such election."

This bill makes our present State Government, including the Legislature, permanent institutions if the Governor chooses to make them so by withholding the writs of election.

The Legislature spends most of its time in introducing and discussing such measures, praising the negro and abusing the rebels.

The most sensible measure that has been introduced, is a bill repealing the old franchise law, and providing that all rebels shall vote except those who remained at home like cowards during the war, and refused to fight for the cause they advocated. Of course it will not pass.

Another remarkable bill, provides that no man shall be eligible, hereafter, to any office within the gift of the people of Tennessee, who has, in any way, participated, directly or indirectly, in the rebellion. This bill has passed on first reading and will, of course, become a law.

The motion entered on Monday, to reconsider the vote passing Senate bill to remove the county site of Wayne county, was taken up, and rejected.

In the House, the resolution to adjourn on the 26th of February was voted down, thirty-six members having concluded that it is easier to live out of the Treasury of the State than it would be at home.

PROCEEDINGS OF CONGRESS.

Most of the past week has been spent in both Houses of Congress, discussing Constitutional amendments, and the bill enlarging the powers of the Freedmen's Bureau. Constitutional amendments seem to be the order of the day. Besides Mr. Stevens' amendment, to force the South to give up part of her representation in Congress, or permit the negroes to select our representatives, the reconstruction Committee have under consideration another amendment, to give to the 'General Government the power to enforce, in behalf of every citizen, in every State and territory, the rights secured to him by the Constitution,' or in other words to place the negro on equality, politically, with the white man. A number of other negro rights petitions and bills, have been presented. It is not believed these Constitutional amendments will pass.

Mexico.

By the arrival of the steamship Liberty, we have dates from Vera Cruz to the 13th inst., and from Cordova to the 10th.

A violent earthquake had been felt on the 2d inst., at Cordova and Orizaba, and even at the City of Mexico. At Cordova a great deal of damage was done. Many houses were badly injured, and one church was demolished, but fortunately, no person was hurt.

The Empress having returned from her trip to Yucatan had gone with Maximilian to visit other portions of the Empire.

Throughout the country the conviction was becoming general that a war between the United States and France was inevitable and imminent. This fact was giving great encouragement to the Liberals, and was developing an unexpected degree of opposition to the Empire. The occurrences on the Rio Grande were, at the same time, exciting a feeling of great hostility toward this country, on the part of the French army and their sympathizers.

The American colonists maintain friendly relations with both the Imperialists and the Liberals. Gen. Early had passed Cordova en route to the City of Mexico.

Gen. Thomas has issued an order, by telegraph, countermanding the order of the post-commander at Stevenson, Ala., who closed the eating house of Joiner & Co., of that place, last week, because negro soldiers were not permitted to eat at the public table.

Gen. Sheridan on Monday refused to allow the emigrants to leave New Orleans to go to Mexico. He is acting under orders from Washington. He does not prevent vessels from going.

Tax friends of Major Sweeney, the Fenian Secretary of War, lately dismissed from the regular army of the U. S. for absence without leave are making strenuous efforts to have him reinstated, and are confident of success.

The Dispatch says "an interesting letter from Joseph W. Allen and H. L. Claiborne in regard to the circulation of the Bank of Tennessee, was communicated to the Legislature, and states that the whole circulation of the bank amounts to \$4,710,666, of which \$1,778,337 was issued since the 6th of May, 1861. This shows the circulation of the bank, for which there appears no controversy that the faith and credit of the State is pledged, to be \$2,931,329. With proper legislation for winding up the affairs of the bank, this sum can be redeemed without serious inconvenience to the State. The truth is, it would require but little legislation to put the notes of the Bank of Tennessee issued previous to the 6th of May, 1861, at par, and for the credit of the State this should be done."

EXCHANGES.—Publishers of newspapers to whom we send a copy of this paper will please place the Citizen on their exchange list. Daily papers will, of course, be entitled to some book in the way of editorial notices. Put us down on your lists, gentlemen, and send us your dailies. We will reciprocate some day.

High prices, we believe, is the order of the day in every town and city of the South. The Memphis Argus says: "Everybody, now-a-days, complains of everything else's extortion. The traveller complains of the hotels; the resident population complains of both hotels and boarding houses; the hotel-keepers, boarding-house-keepers, and the head of families, generally, complain of the property holders, the market farmers, the dairymen, and, in fact, of everybody else from whom they purchase their supplies. To listen to these complaints, one would be bound to conclude, that 'the whole world, in these parts' had resolved itself into a Universal Mutual Extortion Society."

We think the remarks of the Argus quite applicable to these parts—only a little more so.

Tribute of Respect.

At a stated meeting of Bradshaw Lodge, No. 256 Free and accepted Mason's Lodge Room, Jan. 4th, A. L. 5866 and A. D. 1866, the following proceedings were had:

WHEREAS, It has pleased Almighty God to remove from our midst our worthy and highly esteemed Bro., WILLIAM YOUNG, to his reward above, and

WHEREAS, By this Dispensation of Divine Providence, Masonry in general has lost one of its warmest advocates; this Lodge one of its most efficient members; his family a kind and affectionate husband and devoted father; the church one of her most valuable and consistent members; the community one of its most useful and respected citizens, therefore,

Resolved, 1st: That while we bow in humble submission to this dispensation, we deeply mourn our loss, nevertheless, we sorrow not as those who have no hope, confident that our loss is his eternal gain.

Resolved, 2d: That we tender to his bereaved and much afflicted family our condolence and sympathy, and that we wear the usual badge of mourning thirty days.

Resolved, 3d: That these proceedings be published in the Pulaski Citizen, at Pulaski, and a copy furnished the family of the deceased.

W. WILLIFORD, Sec.

ROD'T. I. WILLIAMS, W. M.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS

STRAYED.

FROM the undersigned, on the 26th ult., a dark CANARY BIRD, (a pet and splendid singer) for which a liberal reward is offered for his return, or any information leading to his recovery.

R. C. WEST, PULASKI, TENN.

SOLON E. ROSE,
Attorney & Counsellor at Law,
PULASKI, TENN.

Office in the South-west Corner of the Court House, WILL PRACTICE
In the Courts of Giles and adjoining counties, Feb 2

Administrator's Notice.

HAVING been duly qualified as Administrator of the estate of James H. Walls, dec'd. Notice is hereby given to all parties owing said estate, to come forward and make payment. Those having claims against said estate, will present them in the time prescribed by law, or collection will be contested. Also all persons having any effects belonging to said estate, or knowing of any will please report them to the administrator.

JOHN KOUNS, Administrator.

Feb. 2 '66.—42.

W. H. BALLESTINE, MATT. EZZELL.

Ballentine & Ezell,

DEALERS IN

DRY GOODS and GROCERIES,

South-east Corner Public Square,

PULASKI, TENN.

HAVING associated themselves in business

their kind regards to their old customers

and invite attention to the fact that they now prepared to do

MORE AND BETTER

than they ever did in other and better days

Our stock consists partly of the following:

Dress Goods, Ladies Underwear,

White Goods, Woolen Goods,

Flannels, Boots, Shoes,

Hats, Caps, Clothing,

Cassimeres, Groceries,

GENT'S FURNISHING GOODS,

And an endless variety, embracing

Everything Kept in a Variety Store.

Give us a call, and we will try to please you.

Jan. 26, '66. BALLESTINE & EZZELL.

NOTICE.

THE Office of Thos. Martin, President of the Central Southern Railroad, is kept in the Committee room of Messrs. Moffatt & Cox. Those who have agreed to convert their tax receipt in the stock of the Railroad can do so at any time by calling at the office, where he can generally be found.

Jan. 26 '66.—41

A New Power.

The publisher of the Goldsboro' (N. C.) Daily News has been arrested by the Assistant Superintendent of Freedmen of the Goldsboro' District, for the publication of articles distasteful to that functionary.—Have the agents of the Freedmen's Bureau been invested with absolute power? A

year or two ago there was no such Bureau in existence. It was a thing unknown to our political system. Has it climbed so rapidly that already it overshadows judicial authority, and controls the public press and the liberty of the citizen? If an assistant Superintendent of Freedmen can throw an editor into prison we suppose that General Howard can throw him into eternity with a flourish of his pen.

The Memphis Avalanche has been resumed by Col. GALLAWAY, one of its former proprietors, and Mr. E. A. POLLARD, of Richmond, Virginia. It is an able paper.

SHERIFF SALES.

Sheriff Sale.

ON Monday 5th March next, I will sell for cash, at the Court House door in Pulaski, the following Tract of Land, situated in civil District No. 15 in Giles county, adjoining the lands of John Hambrick and Andrew Mitchell, Messrs. Eastman and the estate of Alexander B. Hambrick and others, containing 94 Acres, and located on the property of David A. Waltrip, to satisfy an execution in favor of James McCallum, Clerk and Master vs. Jno. J. Garrett and others. Feb. 2 '66.—41.

R. L. EVANS, Deputy Sheriff.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of two writs of Venditioni Exponas, from the Chancery Court at Pulaski, in favor of James McCallum, Clerk and Master, against James B. Hinch, & Co. and others, I will on the 28th of Feb., next, sell to the highest bidder at the Court House door in Pulaski, for cash, 2 Town Lots in Pulaski, known as Lots No. 232, 231, 232, 233 situated on Sixth street between Shoal and Poplar—and Lots No. 203, 207, 205, 208—also one-half of a Lot on the East side of the Public Square, upon which there is a Store House, now occupied by Messrs. Eastell & Co. belonging to James B. Hinch, also two Tracts of Land, belonging to W. H. Jackson, one containing 119 1/2 acres, the other 84 acres, in the 16th civil District, of Giles County, on Richland Creek, adjoining the lands of Benjamin Franklin, Lemuel Moore, A. W. McCallum, and others. Feb. 2 '66.—41.

R. H. PEDEN, Sheriff.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, from the Chancery Court at Pulaski, in favor of James McCallum, Clerk and Master, against W. H. Jackson, and others, I will on the 28th of Feb., next, sell to the highest bidder at the Court House door in Pulaski, for cash, two tracts belonging to W. H. Jackson, one containing 11 1/2 acres, the other 84 acres in the 16th civil District, adjoining the lands of Benjamin Franklin, C. W. McCallum, and others. Also, a tract of 200 acres, belonging to Pleasant N. in civil District No. 11, adjoining the lands of Mrs. Margaret Ezell, Ed. Lanier, Almus Smith and others. Also a tract of 220 acres in the 20th civil District, belonging to A. M. Phelps, adjoining the lands of Wm. Wells, Robt. Williams, Deamus McCracken and others. Jan. 26 '66.—41.

R. H. PEDEN, Sheriff.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, from the Chancery Court at Pulaski, in favor of James McCallum, Clerk and Master, against W. H. Jackson, and others, I will on Wednesday the 28th of Feb., next, sell to the highest bidder at the Court House door in Pulaski, for cash, two Town Lots No. 99 and 91, situated on Second Main street, and bounded North by Shoal street, west by 99 and 91, south by Lot 92, upon which B. W. Knight now lives. Leveled on as the property of said Knight. Jan. 26 '66.—41.

R. H. PEDEN, Sheriff.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, from the Chancery Court at Pulaski, in favor of James McCallum, Clerk and Master, against W. H. Jackson, and others, I will on the 28th of Feb., next, sell to the highest bidder at the Court House door in Pulaski, for cash, four tracts of Land, lying contiguous and containing as supposed, about 100 acres, lying in civil District No. 15, Giles county, on the waters of Indian Creek, adjoining the lands of Alfred Houze, the Mt. Pisgah Camp ground tract and place, another tract containing by estimation 150 acres, situated in civil District No. 20, Giles county, on the waters of Indian Creek, known as the S. C. Loyd place, and adjoining the lands of James Terry and Messrs. Osborn on the north, the lands of Martha Osborn, and the heirs of Thos. B. Nave on the south, also the lands of Jas. M. Terry on the east, and the lands formerly owned by Larkin Watson, dec'd., on the west. All leveled on as the property of E. W. Holt, in favor of James M. McCallum, Clerk and Master for use of dec'd. B. H. PEDEN, Sheriff.

Jan. 26 '66.—41.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of three writs of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed from the Chancery Court at Pulaski, I will on Wednesday the 28th day of Feb., next, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court House door in Pulaski, a tract of about 33 acres of Land, belonging to David Russell, situated in civil District No. 15, Giles county, on the waters of Indian Creek, adjoining the lands of W. H. Pentecost, the lands of the estate of Eliza Hambrick dec'd., dec'd. 3d in favor of James M. McCallum, Clerk and Master for use of dec'd., against the said David Russell and others. Jan. 26 '66.—41.

R. H. PEDEN, Sheriff.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed from the Chancery Court at Pulaski, I will on Wednesday the 28th day of Feb., next, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court House door in Pulaski, a tract of 155 acres of Land, belonging to R. H. Holloway, situated in civil District No. 1, Giles county, adjoining the lands of Elizabeth M. Jordan, Wm. H. H. Holloway, dec'd., and others, being the same on which said Holloway now resides. Sold to satisfy a debt in my hands, in favor of J. B. Clifters, against John Kouns and others. Jan. 26 '66.—41.

R. H. PEDEN, Sheriff.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed from the Chancery Court at Pulaski, in the cause of Joseph R. Childress vs. John Kouns and others, I will on the 28th day of Feb., next, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court House door in Pulaski, on Wednesday Feb. 28th, a tract of 155 acres of Land, belonging to R. H. Holloway, situated in civil District No. 1, Giles county, adjoining the lands of Elizabeth M. Jordan, Wm. H. H. Holloway, dec'd., and others, being the same on which said Holloway now resides. Sold to satisfy a debt in my hands, in favor of J. B. Clifters, against John Kouns and others. Jan. 26 '66.—41.

R. H. PEDEN, Sheriff.

Sheriff Sale.

BY virtue of a writ of Venditioni Exponas, to me directed from the Chancery Court at Pulaski, I will on Wednesday the 28th day of Feb., next, sell to the highest bidder for cash, before the Court House door in Pulaski, a tract of Land containing 250 acres belonging to J. G. Edmondson, situated in the 17th civil District of Giles county, adjoining the lands of Woolson W. H. H. Holloway, dec'd., and others. Sold to satisfy two debts in my hands, issued from the Chancery Court at Pulaski, in favor of A. C. Cox, Clerk and Master for use of dec'd., of J. B. Edmondson and others. Jan. 26 '66.—41.

R. H. PEDEN, Sheriff.

Sheriff Sale.

ON Wednesday the 28th day of Feb., next, I will sell for cash, before the Court House door in Pulaski, two Town Lots, in Pulaski, known on the plan of said town as Lots No. 90 and 91, bounded in front by Second Main street, North by Shoal street, West by Lots No. 99 and 91, and South by Lot No. 92, being the same on which B. W. Knight now lives. Also two other lots in Pulaski, known as Lots No. 96 and 97, fronting on Third Main street and Poplar street, located on as the property of said Knight, to satisfy a debt in my hands in favor of James McCallum, Clerk and Master, for use of J. B. E. Bodes. Jan. 26 '66.—41.

R. H. PEDEN, Sheriff.

GROCERIES & LIQUORS.

JOHN D. FLAULT,

HUGH F. EWING.

John D. Flault & Co.,

WHOLESALE and RETAIL

GROCERS!

AND

Liquor Dealers,

PULASKI, TENN.

Have Always on Hand a

FULL AND COMPLETE

STOCK OF EVERYTHING

In Our Line.

SUGAR,

COFFEE,

MOLASSES,

GOLDEN SYRUPS,

CIDER VINEGAR,

COAL OIL,

TANNER'S OIL,

LARD OIL,

PUTTY,

WHITE LEAD,

WINDOW GLASS,

FLOUR of all Grades,

CANNED FRUIT,

CANDIES, RAISINS,

ALMONDS and other Nuts,

SOAP, Fine and Common,

SPICES, NUTMEGS,

ENG. BL. CARB. SODA,

INDIGO,

MADDER,

COPPERAS,

DYE STUFFS of all kinds,

MATCHES,

ROPES,

LIQUORS.

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